EMPLOYEE TRAINING RECORD

TRAINING TITLE Fire Extinguisher

KEY TEACHING POINTS

CLASSES OF FIRE HAZARDS

- Class A Ordinary combustibles such as wood/paper
- Class B Flammable liquids, such as gasoline
- Class C Electrical hazard, where electrocution is a concern
- Class D Combustible metals, such as magnesium

EXTINGUISHER CLASSIFICATION

- Water type Class A only
- Carbon Dioxide Class B and C only
- Dry Chemical Class B & C or A, B & C depending on type
- Halon Class B & C or A, B & C depending on size

OPERATION

- Verify extinguisher is properly classified
- Pull safety pin
- Pull hose (if equipped and hold at nozzle)
- Activate cartridge lever, if equipped
- Stand back 10-12' as situation demands
- Squeeze lever of valve to start flow of agent, hold down, until empty
- Ail flow of chemical at the base of fire, start just in front of the fire area and sweep sideways toward the back until extinguished
- Step backwards and watch for reflash
- Get extinguisher recharged immediately.

CONCLUSION

- Always respect fire
- Extinguishers are intended to be used during incipient stages of a fire
- Notify the fire department before attempting to extinguish any fire
- Always put life safety first, make sure everyone is safe as first priority

TEST

QUESTION		ANSWERS	
		TRUE	FALSE
1. Dry chemical fire extinguishers are used for most Class A, B and C fires.			
2. You are not required to fight a fire.			
3. Always notify the fire department after the fire is put out.			
4. Always put life safety first, make sure everyone is safe as a first priority.			
5. Apply the extinguishing media to the flame not the base of the fire.			
EMPLOYEE'S NAME	EMPLOYEE'S SIGNATURE	DATE	
INSTRUCTOR'S NAME	INSTRUCTOR'S SIGNATURE	DATE	